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# ANNUAL REPORT

FOR

1965

INSTITUTE FOR  
SOCIAL  
RESEARCH

UNIVERSITY OF  
NATAL  
DURBAN  
SOUTH AFRICA



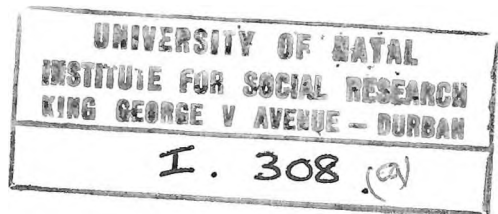
INSTITUTE FOR SOCIAL RESEARCH

UNIVERSITY OF NATAL

TWELFTH ANNUAL REPORT

for the year ending  
30th. September, 1965

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ADDRESS:

The postal address of the Institute is:

INSTITUTE FOR SOCIAL RESEARCH,  
UNIVERSITY OF NATAL,  
KING GEORGE V AVENUE,  
DURBAN,  
REPUBLIC OF SOUTH AFRICA.

ALL ENQUIRIES SHOULD BE ADDRESSED TO THE DIRECTOR.

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INSTITUTE FOR SOCIAL RESEARCH:

(1st October, 1964 - 30th September, 1965).

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MEMBERS OF THE INSTITUTE FOR SOCIAL RESEARCH

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|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------------|
| Prof. C.W. Abbot      | Mr. E.M. Jones        | Mr. R.M. Oxtoby             |
| Prof. R.C. Albino     | Mr. C.J. Juta         | Mr. H.W. Page               |
| Mr. I.K. Allan        | Prof. E.N. Keen       | Miss A. Perry               |
| Dr. W.J. Argyle       | Prof. T.H. Kelly      | Mrs. E. Preston-Whyte       |
| Prof. L.T. Badenhorst | Mr. V. Klaff          | Mr. R.A. Preston-Whyte      |
| Mr. M.G. Beardsley    | Miss J. Knox          | Mr. P.N. Pillay             |
| Prof. H.I. Behrmann   | Prof. Eileen Krige    | Prof. Hansi Pollak          |
| Prof. H. Biesheuvel   | Miss N. Lamond        | Prof. A.A. Rayner           |
| Miss R. Bithrey       | Mr. P.G. Leeb-du Toit | Prof. A.G. Rooks            |
| Mr. E. Blondeel       | Dr. B.A. le Corduer   | Mr. R.O.B. Rutherford-Smith |
| Prof. D.S. Chapman    | Prof. H. Linhart      | Mr. L. Schlemmer            |
| Mr. T.E. Cochran      | Mr. J.W. Lucas        | Prof. W.H.O. Schmidt        |
| Prof. P.H. Connell    | Mr. A.J. Lyle         | Miss F.C. Shaw              |
| Mr. A.T. Cope         | Mr. G.G. Maasdorp     | Mr. D.A. Scogings           |
| Prof. L.T. Croft      | Prof. R.G. MacMillan  | Mr. W.G.M. Seymour          |
| Mr. M.E. Close        | Dr. S.I. Malan        | Mr. C.D. Shearing           |
| Dr. J.B.McI. Daniel   | Dr. E.G. Malherbe     | Mrs. F.H. Shiels            |
| Dr. R.J. Davies       | Prof. J.W. Mann       | Mr. K.W. Simpson            |
| Dr. H.F. Dickie-Clark | Mrs. Leslie Martine   | Mrs. Margaret Sugden        |
| Mr. L. Douwes Dekker  | Prof. A.S. Mathews    | Prof. P.A. Theron           |
| Dr. R. Elsdon-Dew     | Mr. L.P. McCrystal    | Mr. E. Tollman              |
| Mr. W.S. Felgate      | Mrs. Anne McGhee      | Mr. J.L. Torres             |
| Mr. G.W. Fouche       | Mr. B.W. McKendrick   | Mr. G.J. Trotter            |
| Miss L. Geils         | Prof. K.H.C. McIntyre | Mr. P.D. Tyson              |
| Prof. I. Gordon       | Mr. P.E. McManis      | Mrs. M. Waldeck             |
| Mr. G.H. Halliday     | Mrs. Fatima Meer      | Prof. H.L. Watts            |
| Dr. P.B. Harris       | Dr. A.L. Müller       | Miss L. Weber               |
| Mr. F. Hayward        | Mr. Jack Naidoo       | Prof. Owen Williams         |
| Prof. O.P.F. Horwood  | Mr. O. Nell           | Prof. Ella Pratt-Yule       |
| Mr. A.S.B. Humphreys  | Mrs. M.L. O'Reagain   | Mr. B.S. Young              |

STAFF OF THE INSTITUTE FOR SOCIAL RESEARCH1965

The following were members of the Staff of the Institute during the year ending 30th September, 1965. New appointments and resignations are shown in brackets:

DIRECTOR: H.L. Watts, B.A.(S.A.), B.A.Hons.,  
Ph.D. (Rhodes). [appointed 1:1:65]

SENIOR RESEARCH FELLOW: L. Schlemmer, B.A. Hons., (Pret.)

SECRETARY: I.E.N. Pratt (Mrs.)

RESEARCH WORKERS: R.J. Bithrey (Miss), B.Soc.Sc. (Rhodes)  
[resigned 31:7:65]

L. Douwes Dekker, B.A. Hons. (S.A.)

W.S. Felgate, B.A. Hons. (Natal).

L.F.D. Geils (Miss), B.A. (Natal)  
[appointed 15:4:65]

A.M. McGhee (Mrs.), Dip. Soc. Sc. (Lond.)

H.W. Page, B.Sc. Hons. (Natal).

A.R. Perry (Miss), B.A. Hons. (Natal).  
[appointed 15:2:65]

E.M. Preston-Whyte (Mrs.), B.Soc.Sc. (Natal).

C.D. Shearing, B.Soc.Sc. (Natal).  
[appointed 14:2:65]

L. Weber (Miss), B.Soc.Sc. (Cape Town).  
[appointed 1:4:65]

M.A. Young (now Mrs. Sugden) B.Sc. Hons.  
(Natal). [Made Junior Lecturer 1:5:65]

PART-TIME SCIENTIFIC ASSISTANT: U.G. Bulteel (Mrs.) [from 16:3:65]

PART-TIME TYPIST: D.S.L. Pratt (Mrs.) [from 15:3:65]

GENERAL REPORT ON THE INSTITUTE  
BY THE DIRECTOR  
=====

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD 1st OCTOBER, 1964,  
TO 30th SEPTEMBER, 1965:

1] THE PRESENT FUNCTIONS OF THE INSTITUTE:

It is now only a few months short of 12 years ago that the Institute for Social Research was founded - in February 1954. Looking at the Institute, one is tempted to examine how it has grown and developed since the foundation years.

The initial purpose of the Institute was to train young research workers in the field of the social sciences. It started with six young rather junior research fellows, working on one small interdisciplinary project. Since then, the activities of the Institute have expanded, and the number of projects has increased many times, until today it can, with justice, be said that the Institute has four main aims and functions.

An analysis of the research for the past year, (which is described in detail in the progress reports on pages 21 to 50 below), shows that firstly the Institute has assisted the members of the University's academic departments to obtain research funds, and to undertake their own research. It has helped them by providing research equipment and administrative services. In this sense the Institute is serving the social science research needs of the University.

Secondly, the Institute has undertaken on its own

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account research of a basic nature. Here the Institute is serving the cause of developing scientific knowledge about human behaviour and society.

Thirdly, as a result of the initiative of the previous Director, Professor L. T. Badenhorst, the Institute has, during the last two years, greatly increased the volume of applied research undertaken on behalf of outside sponsors. From this point of view the Institute is serving the needs of the wider community, in undertaking applied research aimed at solving practical problems and guiding future planning.

Thus it will be seen that today the Institute serves both the University, the cause of social science, and the community at large. Fourthly, in undertaking all this research, the Institute is at the same time fulfilling its original aim - that of training workers in the field of social research. Most of the research assistants engaged by the Institute have worked for a period of one, two, or three years, and at the end of that time have left with a good grounding in social research. Indeed, if the subsequent job history of the research workers who were at the Institute in the early years is anything to go by, the research training has borne excellent fruit.

Thus, not only have the functions of the Institute increased in number over the past 12 years, but as the progress reports on projects indicate, the scope, range, and volume of research has multiplied greatly.

2] ACTIVITIES OF THE DIRECTOR, AND THE  
COMMITTEE OF CONTROL, DURING 1965:

I joined the Institute at the beginning of the year, not as a complete stranger, but as someone returning to this University after a gap of almost a decade. It has been very pleasant renewing old friendships, and making new ones. I owe a debt of gratitude to the members of the Institute for the way in which I have been welcomed and assisted in settling down. The main tasks which I have tackled this year have not been in the direction of expanding the research of the Institute further, but rather consolidating what has already been achieved. I was fortunate in inheriting from the previous Director, (Professor Badenhorst), and also from the Acting Director, (Mr. Schlemmer), an intensive research programme with funds adequate for carrying this programme out. Therefore I have considered it wisest first to finish most of the jobs in hand, before embarking on new ones.

This year has been a year of consolidation, as just mentioned. The Committee of Control has been particularly active in planning for the expanding activities of the Institute. A lot of work has not been spectacular, but has nevertheless been very necessary. Matters such as the development of a scale of charges to be applied in the case of sponsored research; the drawing-up of salary scales and conditions of service for staff appointed to the Institute; the development of a publication policy (aimed at promoting the publication of research material by members of the Institute); and the provision of transport facilities for the Institute, have occupied much of the time of the Committee. Matters such as these have been discussed and

worked out, and provide a foundation for the future smooth running of the expanding Institute. In addition, a revised list of Institute publications has been prepared and is to be circulated widely; a new standard cover for Institute reports and publications has been designed - (we owe Mr. Schlemmer sincere appreciation for all the work he put in on the design of the cover); while a brochure describing the Institute, and setting out its aims and functions, is being prepared. Thought has also been given to the question of publicising more widely the activities of the Institute, both here in South Africa and overseas, so that interested scientists and others know of the work we do.

3] UNIVERSITY SUBSIDISES RESEARCH SPONSORED BY WELFARE AND GOVERNMENTAL BODIES:

A noteworthy point is that the Institute, and through it the University, are from this year subsidising all research undertaken by the Institute on behalf of welfare organisations and local, provincial, and central governmental bodies. This follows a decision taken by the Committee of Control for the Institute, which was supported by the University's Senate and Council. The University has agreed that sponsored work for such bodies should be undertaken at basic rates, and that in all such cases the Director's and Senior Research Fellow's time shall be donated free-of-charge by the University. This in fact means that applied research for welfare and public organisations is being carried out at less than half the normal cost for sponsored

research. In this way the University benefits the Community directly, and is making a contribution to community welfare.

4] SPONSORED WORK AND THE NEED FOR  
AN INDUSTRIAL RESEARCH UNIT:

Reference has been made in the opening section of this report to the fact that the Institute is undertaking applied research work for outside sponsors. This is occurring on an increasing scale, and I regard it as a very significant development in the history of the Institute. An examination of the progress reports shows that applied work for industry, for welfare organisations, and for advertising consultants, has been undertaken during the past year. Indications are that the demand for this type of work will increase in the future. In particular, I would say that there is a very real need in Durban for industrial psychological and industrial sociological research undertaken for the benefit of industry. There are virtually no facilities at the moment for industrialists in the city to have research of this nature undertaken with a view to assisting in solving their problems. Realising this, the Committee of Control of the Institute has already agreed on the desirability of forming an Industrial Psychological Unit within the Institute to meet the needs of Industry and Commerce. However, something like this cannot be started over-night, and funds are needed before such a unit can be launched. It is one of the tasks facing the Institute in the coming year to secure funds which will allow

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such a unit to be started, and I hope that in this venture we will be successful.

5] INSTITUTE EQUIPMENT:

With the increasing demands being made on the Institute, it has been necessary to replace certain equipment, and also purchase additional equipment. We have been fortunate still to have some of the Ford Foundation's Grant to draw on, and also have been able to dip into certain projects' funds: we were forced to pension off the Roneo duplicating machine which had served the Institute well for many years - after running off the almost incredible total of 21 million copies! With the increasing demands for calculating, we eventually decided to purchase a Facit calculating machine, and have bought the latest model available. We have also frequently borrowed the calculating machine belonging to the Department of Sociology and Social Work, and for their generous loan of this machine we are most grateful. One of the projects has made extensive use of tape recordings, and so we had to purchase an additional tape recorder and also a machine suitable for transcribing the tapes - these two items of equipment were financed by the project's funds. We have also acquired a small electronic flash gun to assist in taking photographs of the various activities of the Institute. In this latter regard, the position at the moment is that we have virtually no photographs with which to illustrate the work we do, and I hope that in the future we will be able to build up an extensive set of photographs suitable for publication if need



be, and more particularly, suitable for exhibition on those occasions when the University and the Institute may be thrown open to the public.

One of the most important items of equipment used this year by the Institute has belonged to the University - I refer, of course, to the new electronic computer. We have used it for something like 50 hours or more, which represents the equivalent of at least about 6 months' work on desk calculating and card sorting equipment. I think it is safe to predict that we will be making increasing use of this machine in the future.

6] ACCOMMODATION:

As the result of our expansion, the Institute's accommodation has been under great strain. The Vice-Principal, Professor Phillips, has been most helpful in this regard, and we have been able to borrow two additional offices, and share a third. However, the position is such that if we increase our staff by only two or three members next year, I do not know where we will put them. For instance, the present "machine room" is overcrowded, serving not only as a duplicating and collating room, but also as a room for tabulating (by means of our card sorting equipment), calculating (with desk calculator), and on top of everything else, a staff common room at tea-time! Professor Pollak, (the Chairman of the Committee of Control), has been most active in trying to secure more accommodation

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for the Institute, and we are very grateful for her labours in this respect. It is obvious that all that has been done to date are merely in the nature of short-term palliative measures, and we hope that in the not-too-distant future it will be possible to supply the Institute with more office and laboratory space, suitable to meet our needs for at least several years ahead.

7] STAFF POSITION:

The staff changes during the past year are shown in detail in a list at the end of this annual report. (See page 51 page 52 below). There is no point therefore in repeating them here, except to say that at the end of September the net effect has been to increase our staff by three since last year.

While considering the question of staff, it is necessary to point out that with an expanding Institute, one of the serious problems facing us this year has been the need for a second typist, and for at least one or two scientific assistants who are not tied to a particular project. A bottle-neck has formed, and in fact, our need has been so great, that we were forced to obtain the assistance on a part-time basis of a scientific assistant, and also a typist. The way things are going, we could easily make full-time use of a permanent second typist and a permanent scientific assistant. This is something that will have to be looked into in the future.

A further staff need for the future is some type of panel of skilled interviewers. At present we have found that we recruit interviewers from outside the University for a particular project, train them carefully, use them for a short period of time, and then lose them. Some way must be found to try to retain on a panel those interviewers who are really skilled, so that we could call upon them at any time for a particular piece of research. This would be especially useful when we are faced by sponsored research calling for quick results and a crash-programme for fieldwork. The same applies to coding assistants - who perform a very necessary but very boring task, requiring extremely accurate work. In the next year or so the data processing of the Institute is going to require a considerable volume of coding to be undertaken, so that if we can arrange a panel of coders, it will be far easier to see our work processed quickly and efficiently.

If the Institute is to continue its present rapid development, then apart from anything else it is going to be essential to secure more permanent posts for research officers capable of directing work on an independent basis. To my mind we have already reached the stage where as much work as possible is being supervised by the members of the academic departments. Details given in the project progress reports after this report show that supervisors carry a heavy load of supervision. In addition, both the Director and the Senior Research Fellow, (the only two permanent research officers of the Institute), have almost as much research under their supervision as can be reasonably expected without causing a drop in research standards.

Therefore, it is necessary to find ways and means of obtaining more permanent staff who can undertake research, and who have the experience and calibre to supervise others. I predict that this will become one of the crucial problems which must be faced in the future - and if the Institute is to continue to expand, it must be solved. This problem ultimately involves financial questions. The University Council has been sympathetic towards the Institute in the past, and we will certainly need their support in the future. Nevertheless, it must be borne in mind that the University Council has many commitments to meet, and it seems unlikely that they will be able to provide us with all the financial help necessary for securing enough permanent staff in the next few years. Therefore, I suggest that the Institute must also look for outside sponsors and assistance in this matter.

A further problem related to the above, is the need to occasionally release senior members of the academic staff for research - they are so bound by departmental matters, that unless arrangements can be made to release them sometimes for a continuous period of research, their chances of undertaking their own research are very restricted. It is not only the needs of junior research fellows which the Institute must cater for, but also the differing needs of the mature and experienced scientist tied down by departmental affairs. This problem deserves serious thought and attention in future.

8] ACTIVITIES OF THE STAFF DURING 1965:

The activities of the staff of the Institute in regard to research work undertaken; attendance at professional meetings; giving public lectures and addresses; the presentation of scientific papers; and the writing of research reports, etc., are listed after this report. (See page 53 below). There is no need to repeat them here. It is clear that the staff have been very active this year.

In general, the volume of research activity undertaken by the Institute is probably on a larger scale than ever before during the Institute's history. Certainly, I think it is safe to say that the type of research undertaken has been more varied in nature than has previously been the case. This increase in the volume of research, and in the range of research, is to my mind a most healthy sign, and there are indications that this trend will continue. The main problems that this increase in research has raised are the problems associated with expansion - finding staff, finding accommodation, and obtaining extra equipment. These have already been commented on above.

9] INSTITUTE NEWSLETTER:

In July of this year a newsletter was sent out to all members of the Institute. Up till now, the position has been that all members of the Institute come together only once a year, for the Annual General Meeting. This

has meant that in-between-times many of the members have not been fully aware of the activities of the Institute. The newsletter is designed to keep us all in contact with developments, and also to provide a vehicle for the expression of the thoughts and ideas of the members. It is planned to bring out the newsletter more or less three times a year - i.e. about once a quarter, with the Annual General Meeting falling in the fourth quarter. If members of the Institute feel that this newsletter serves a useful function, then it is up to them to give it their support, so that the writing of it is not a one-man show.

10] SEMINARS:

Following the points raised at last year's Annual General Meeting, two seminars have been held this year. The response was encouraging and the Committee of Control is interested in making them a regular feature - as they were during the early years of the Institute.

11] LIBRARY GRANT:

Welcome news from Dr. Malan, Director of Library Services for the University of Natal, has been that there is still some five hundred odd Rand in a library grant made some years ago by the Ford Foundation. Members can recommend to the Institute, publications in the field of Sociology which they feel should be added to the central library.

12] VISITING AMERICAN SOCIAL ANTHROPOLOGIST:

We have with us at the moment Professor W. J. Fernandez, Associate Professor in the Department of Anthropology, Dartmouth College, New Hampshire, United States of America. He is undertaking research, (sponsored by the Social Science Research Council of America), into Bantu Separatist Religious Movements in South Africa. We are very glad to have been able to offer him office accommodation in the Institute for the duration of his stay of five months, and to put the facilities of the Institute at his disposal. He has given several lectures and taken part in our seminars. Contacts like this with overseas Scientists have been a feature of the Institute right from the start, and are to be welcomed and encouraged. Professor Fernandez's stay is a most welcome visit.

13] GENERAL IMPRESSIONS:

In this report I have detailed the work and the development of the Institute for Social Research during the past year. Frequent references have been made to the expansion evident in the Institute, and some of the problems and challenges this expansion is raising. I would like to stress that this expansion has not been the result of my own efforts, but is something which I have inherited from my predecessors. Full credit for it must be given to the energy and foresight of the previous Director, Professor L.T. Badenhorst, and

Mr. Schlemmer, the Acting Director who carried on after Professor Badenhorst had resigned. Full tribute must be paid to the effectiveness of their labours.

Nevertheless, increasing activity, and a larger staff, are I believe not in themselves necessarily good or desirable. Sheer volume of research for its own sake, or masses of staff, are not ideals to be cherished apart from quality of research. More important than quantity is the standard of work. In this respect the Institute is again in an excellent position, and I owe it to the members to congratulate them, not only on the volume of research, but more important, on the quality. The general level has been good, and some has been most exciting and stimulating. For me as a newcomer to the Institute, it has been a notable experience to come into contact with the research currently being undertaken. This year has been a memorable and successful year for the Institute - not only because of the quantity of research undertaken, but because of the standard achieved. What has also impressed me has been the mutual co-operation and harmony amongst members. I count myself fortunate in being a member of the Institute.

If the past year is any guide, we can face the future with confidence.



14] APPRECIATION AND THANKS:

I would say that it has been a very busy year for us all, and a fruitful year. For me, this year as Director of the Institute has been a very stimulating and interesting one. I owe a deep debt of gratitude to many people for their support, for their interest, for their help and friendliness. It is difficult to select certain people for thanks, when I owe so much to all the members of the Institute and to the University generally. Nevertheless, it is only fair that special thanks be paid to those who have given particularly of their time and help.

I would like to express my very sincere thanks first of all to the Committee of Control. Their interest, their suggestions, and their support have been of tremendous value to me this year.

Especially to the Chairman of the Institute, Professor Hansi Pollak, I would like to express my warm appreciation for her patient and willing help and guidance throughout the year. I have been most fortunate in having her to assist me during this year when I was finding my feet, and feeling my way.

The Senior Research Fellow of the Institute, Mr. Lawrence Schlemmer, (who was Acting Director last year), has been a tower of strength. His help has been of tremendous importance, and he played a major part in helping me to "learn the ropes". I think the Institute was indeed fortunate in having him as Acting Director last year, and I

must say that I am impressed by the way he carried out his tasks. He was able to hand over to me an Institute in running order, with a flourishing research programme.

I would like to express the thanks of the Institute, and my own thanks, to the Computing Centre, and particularly to Mr. G. Webb (the Officer-in-Charge of the Centre). He has been extremely helpful on the occasions when the Institute has made use of the electronic computer. He went to considerable trouble to prepare a detailed master programme for cross tabulating data; and also assisted with a programme connected with the construction of attitudinal scales.

Our appreciation must be expressed to Messrs. International Computers and Tabulators (I.C.T.) for their donation of a free maintenance for our Powers-Samas card sorting equipment.

My special thanks must go to the Institute and to the Chairman of the Committee of Control for permission to carry on with a sociological study of East London which I had started at Rhodes University. Not only was I allowed to continue the research, but my research assistant, (Miss Bithrey), was given an office here, and made to feel at home. I greatly appreciate the opportunity to continue with this research.

The sincere thanks of the Institute must be expressed to the University Council, for their willingness to purchase a new vehicle to be put primarily at the disposal of the Institute. An Opel Kadette stationwagon has been purchased by the Council, and is in full use by the Institute. It is proving most useful.

Our thanks must also be expressed to the Accounts Section of the University of Natal - and particularly to Mr. Swain who handles the Institute's accounts - for the way in which they have methodically and cheerfully tended to the financial side of the Institute's affairs. Our appreciation should also be expressed to the Cashier of the University, Mrs. Westgate, for the obliging way in which she has met the frequent requests to pay part-time interviewers and coding assistants in connection with the various projects.

Our thanks must be expressed to the Superintendent of Grounds and Buildings, Mr. Vorster, for his willing help and co-operation in connection with various matters relating to the running of the Institute.

I would like to express our sincere thanks to Professor W. E. Phillips, the Vice-Principal, for his sympathetic assistance in connection with problems of accommodation and equipment. He has done all in his power to help us with problems when we have taken them to him.

I would like to express our sincere thanks, and my own personal thanks, to Mrs. Nancy Pratt, Secretary of the Institute. She has been a most able and willing assistant, and has played a major part in helping me to "find my feet" this year. She is far more than an outstanding typist - she is in fact an administrative officer of no mean capabilities, and as a "Jill of all Trades" (unlike Jack) has been master of many activities. I have indeed been fortunate in having her to work with, and the Institute is lucky to have her as Secretary.

15] FELLOW EMERITUS OF THE  
INSTITUTE FOR SOCIAL RESEARCH:

Finally, last but certainly not least, both on behalf of the Institute and myself, I would like to express our very sincere appreciation for the interest which our retiring Principal, Dr. E.G. Malherbe, has taken in the affairs of the Institute. Despite the fact that he has been a very busy man, he has found time to discuss Institute matters, and to give advice from the wealth of his experience and knowledge. He has indeed been, from the very inception of the Institute, its major benefactor - one might with justification say he was the "founding father" of the Institute. We owe an incalculable debt of gratitude to him. It is our privilege to be able to express personally to him today our deep appreciation for all he has done, and all he has meant in the life of the Institute. It is thus with pride and very great pleasure that the Committee of Control has offered to him, on behalf of all the members, the post of "Fellow Emeritus". I am happy to say he has accepted, and this means that after his retirement as Principal, he will next year conduct his own research through the Institute. I know social research has always been one of his true loves, and the Institute is proud to put its research facilities at his disposal. We are honoured to have him, one of South Africa's most distinguished social scientists and educators, as Fellow Emeritus of the Institute for Social Research.

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Addendum to Director's Report:Congratulations and Good Wishes to the Principal-Designate:

Subsequent to the writing of this report, the name of the new Principal of the University has been announced:

On behalf of all the members of the Institute, I would like to express our congratulations to Professor O.P.F. Horwood, on being named the new Principal of the University of Natal with effect from 1966. He has been a member of this Institute for years, and is a former chairman of the Committee of Control. We are proud that a member of the Institute has been chosen to guide the affairs of our University. Too, it is good to know both that we will have as Principal someone who has been intimately connected with the Institute, and also that despite the many, many tasks that lie ahead of him, Professor Horwood will maintain his links with us, - for he will, in future, be ex officio member of our Committee of Control. We extend to him sincere good wishes for the future, and wish him very well in the arduous duties ahead.

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P R O G R E S S      R E P O R T S

FOR PROJECTS UNDERTAKEN BY  
THE INSTITUTE FOR SOCIAL RESEARCH:

1st October, 1964 to 30th September, 1965:

I. BASIC RESEARCH IN PROGRESS OR  
COMPLETED DURING 1965:

[a] Psychological Research:

1. BANTU CONCEPTS OF TIME AND SPACE:

SPONSOR: Institute for Social Research, with a  
financial grant from the South African  
National Council for Social Research.

PROJECT DIRECTOR: Professor R.C. Albino.

RESEARCH WORKER: Mr. W. H. Page.

DATE COMMENCED: April, 1962.

This project has been extended beyond the original time-span decided on, and has grown into a study which is likely to run for at least another two years. It is investigating the concepts of time and space held by the Bantu, with a view to gaining an insight into the factors concerned with the formation and further development of some of the fundamental concepts in Bantu thought and perceptions. Methods which are essentially modifications of those used by Piaget and his co-workers have been developed.

A partial report on the work of the last two years

has been prepared by Mr. Page, and was submitted to the National Council for Social Research earlier in the year. The remainder of the material which has already been collected is being written up, and a further report is likely to be available during the first half of 1966. It is intended to submit the contents of both the reports for publication in a learned journal.

A further series of experiments, concerning vigilance in rural and urban Bantu, has been planned. Fieldwork in this connection is being carried out in Zululand at the time of writing. This part of the investigation has arisen out of the observation that rural individuals find it difficult to centre their attention on complex tasks, so that further experimental data on this topic is being collected.

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[b] Social Anthropological Research:

2. SOCIAL ORGANISATION AND THE RELATION OF  
MAN TO HIS ENVIRONMENT IN TONGALAND:

SPONSOR: Institute for Social Research, with a financial grant from the South African National Council for Social Research.

PROJECT DIRECTOR: Professor E. Krige, (assisted by a Supervisory Committee composed of Professor E. Krige, Professor H.L. Watts and Dr. W.J. Argyle (all of the University of Natal), and Dr. C.W. Wright (Deputy Director of the National Bureau for Educational and Social Research)).

RESEARCH WORKER: Mr. W. S. Felgate.

DATE COMMENCED: January, 1964.

This study concerns the social, political, and legal practices, as well as the agricultural methods and means of subsistence, found amongst the Tonga and other tribesmen in North-Eastern Zululand. As the title indicates, the project is concerned with a study of the social organisation of the rural communities concerned in relation to the physical environment of the area.

This project was originally designed as a two-year project, but following representations made to the National Council for Social Research last year, the work has been extended for another year. It is anticipated, therefore, that the project will not be completed before about Easter 1967.



During 1964 through to February 1965, Mr. W. S. Felgate conducted fieldwork in Tongaland. Since then, an African fieldworker has remained in the field collecting information for the study. In the meantime, Mr. Felgate has been analysing and writing-up the material collected thus far. It is proposed to complete fieldwork for the project in that part of Tongaland which lies across the Pongola river in Portuguese East Africa. This will enable the part of Tongaland within South African territory to be compared with the part which lies within Mocambique. Mr. Felgate left for Portuguese territory at the end of September and is likely to be in the field for several months, assisted by one or more African interpreters-cum-fieldwork assistants.

It is interesting to note that in extending the fieldwork from South Africa to Portuguese territory, it will be possible to study that part of the Tembe-Thonga tribe which has not yet been affected by betterment schemes or conservation measures (as has been the case within the Republic). This may mean that the subjects in Portuguese territory will be less suspicious and more co-operative than the ones investigated thus far. The position is that the Portuguese East Africa/Republic border bisects the Tembe-Thonga tribe, and the people on either side of the border share a common culture. In addition, roughly the same ecological zones penetrate for a considerable distance from South Africa

into Portuguese East Africa, so that direct comparisons can be made from one side of the border to the other.

Finally, a point not to be overlooked is that the Tembe-Thonga tribe in Tongaland migrated southwards from Portuguese Territory towards the end of the last century. Thus a comparison between the social, political, and economic, organisation of the people on either side of the border will, it is hoped, prove fruitful.

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3. A STUDY OF VALUES, ATTITUDES AND ASPIRATIONS OF BANTU SCHOOLGIRLS IN DURBAN:

SPONSOR: Institute for Social Research, with a financial grant from the South African National Council for Social Research.

PROJECT DIRECTOR: Professor E. Krige.

RESEARCH WORKER: Miss A. Perry.

DATE COMMENCED: April, 1965.

This study, which commenced this year, is investigating the values, attitudes, and aspirations of Bantu schoolgirls in Durban in regard to certain spheres of their life. Topics such as kinship and the family, courtship and marriage, health and hygiene, and town and rural life, as well as some religious and moral values, are being covered.

Information is being gathered by means of individual interviews, group discussions, and essays set to school classes of girls. It is intended that the data should be compared with what is known about the traditional tribal setting of the Bantu women, and an attempt made to assess the affect of education on producing changed attitudes and values in the new generation of Bantu women.

The fieldwork commenced at the Bantu Women's Hostel in Durban, where group discussions, and open-ended and structured interviews were held with selected informants. This provided a preliminary survey of attitudes and values of women ranging from domestic servants to teachers and nurses. Young trainee nurses at King Edward hospital

were also studied as part of the preliminary investigation. Following this, several weeks were spent in two high schools in order to gather information relevant for the design and construction of questionnaires to be administered to students at other schools.

St. Francis College (a Roman Catholic co-educational school), and the Inanda Girls' Seminary (a Protestant Mission School), were covered by fieldwork at this stage. The data were gathered by means of group discussions, open-ended interviews, structured interviews, essays, and sentence-completion tests. School records were also analysed to establish the ethnic composition, and home and religious background of the students. Attention was also paid to the different approaches of the two schools towards education.

Fieldwork is continuing, and further information is to be gathered from other schools, on the basis of the experience gained by the research up till now.

A very interesting practice which has come to light in the preliminary study should be mentioned briefly. This is a form of friendship among the pupils, which has been termed "Fictitious Kinship". An older girl may ask a younger girl to be her "baby". The older girl is regarded as the "mother", and the relationship is one of reciprocal obligation and assistance. This type of relationship has been reported by John Blacking (Man - Vol. 59, No. 243 (1959)). Further investigation of the topic will be carried out during the remainder of the fieldwork.

4. PATTERNS OF SOCIO-ECONOMIC TRANSITION IN A  
BANTU RESERVE IN THE THREE RIVERS' DISTRICT:

SPONSOR: Institute for Social Research, together with the Department of Economics of the University of Natal, with a financial grant from the South African National Council for Social Research.

PROJECT DIRECTOR: Professor J.F. Holleman (formerly Director of the Institute for Social Research).

RESEARCH WORKER: Mr. J. E. Laredo.

DATE COMMENCED: April, 1958.

This project forms part of the regional survey of the Umgeni, Umbilo, and Umlazi Rivers' catchment area - a regional survey which was first planned by the late Professor Burrows, Head of the Department of Economics at the University of Natal. The regional survey was planned as an inter-disciplinary study, and this project represents the social anthropological contribution towards knowledge of the region.

The report on the study was prepared by Mr. Laredo some two or more years ago. With the departure of both Mr. Laredo and Professor Holleman from the Institute, the final publication of the report has been held up - a state of affairs further complicated by the changes in Directorship of the Institute since 1962. It has proved necessary to edit certain parts of the report fairly extensively, but this work is proceeding. It is hoped to produce the final report by the end of 1965.

THE BANTU WOMEN IN DOMESTIC SERVICE, AND  
MISTRESS-SERVANT RELATIONSHIPS IN DURBAN:

SPONSOR: Institute for Social Research with a financial grant from the South African National Council for Social Research.

PROJECT DIRECTOR: Professor E. Krige.

RESEARCH WORKER: Mrs. E. Preston-Whyte, assisted by Miss Mavis Gumede and Miss Victoria Mhlanga.

DATE COMMENCED: March, 1962.

This study aims at investigating the type of contacts which exist between Bantu female domestic servants, and their White mistresses, and the effects of this contact in different situations. Attention is also devoted to the broad conditions of domestic service, and the private lives and leisure activities of the Domestic. A sample of Bantu women in domestic service within the Durban area is being studied.

Fieldwork was completed at the end of June, 1965. Analysis of the data collected is now in progress, and it is anticipated that a report will be submitted during the early part of 1966.

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[c] Sociological Research:

6. STUDY OF THE OCCUPATIONAL PRESTIGE  
AMONGST WHITES IN SOUTH AFRICA:

SPONSOR: Institute for Social Research, with a financial grant from the South African National Council for Social Research.

PROJECT DIRECTOR: Mr. L. Schlemmer (assisted by a Supervisory Committee composed of Dr. C.W. Wright, Deputy Director, National Bureau for Educational and Social Research, and Professors O.P.F. Horwood and H.L. Watts and L. Schlemmer of the University of Natal).

RESEARCH TEAM: Mr. L. Schlemmer, Mr. L. Douwes Dekker, Miss L. Geils, Miss L. Weber.

DATE COMMENCED: April, 1964.

This project concerns the prestige of different occupations, and selected aspects of social stratification, amongst Whites in South Africa. The investigation is an ambitious piece of basic research, and falls into two parts - a sample study of White adults in towns in South Africa, and secondly, a sample of White children in standards 7 and 9 in the Republic. The project as a whole is theoretically-oriented, and aims at testing within the South African situation certain American and British theories in regard to social stratification and occupational prestige.

Following a slow start last year, work on the project has proceeded intensively this year, and three assistants were appointed to assist Mr. Schlemmer. A detailed memorandum conceptualising the research design, and formu-

lating the precise aims of the fieldwork, was prepared. In addition, a plan for fieldwork covering both small and large urban areas in South Africa, was prepared. It was decided not to investigate the rural areas of South Africa, in view of the special complexities which this would introduce into the study. Most of the last six months have been spent on the construction and testing of a lengthy interview schedule for adult White respondents, and a detailed questionnaire to be administered to the high school pupils. Both the interview schedule and the questionnaire include attitude scales, so that detailed pre-testing of the scales, including item analysis, has been undertaken.

During September, a full-scale pilot survey was undertaken in Newcastle. A sample of over 100 adult White respondents aged 18 years or older were interviewed, whilst the questionnaires were administered to standard 7 and standard 9 White pupils in the town. Newcastle was selected as a site for the pilot survey, in view of the fact that it contains a fairly balanced proportion of English and Afrikaans-speaking Whites in its population, and judging from its economic structure, is likely to contain a satisfactory range of socio-economic types in its population. Following this pilot survey, the finalising of the interview schedule and the questionnaire is in progress. A report on the pilot survey is also in the process of being prepared.

This project is a large-scale one, and will cover



something of the order of two to three thousand high school children, and two thousand or more White adults. The coverage of the sample will be nationwide. The project is likely to be in progress for several years yet.

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7. A SOCIOLOGICAL ANALYSIS OF SUICIDE IN  
DURBAN BETWEEN THE YEARS 1924 to 1960:

SPONSOR: Institute for Social Research, with a financial grant from the South African National Council for Social Research.

PROJECT DIRECTOR: Professor H. P. Pollak.

RESEARCH WORKER: Mrs. Fatima Meer.

DATE COMMENCED: 1963.

DATE COMPLETED: 1965.

This study was completed at the end of last year. The final report has been prepared and submitted to the National Council for Social Research, and the project fund has been wound up. Copies of the report are available from the Institute.

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8. A STUDY OF THE AFRICAN BOURGEOISIE IN DURBAN:

SPONSOR: Institute for Social Research, in conjunction with the Department of Economics of the University of Natal, with a financial grant from the South African National Council for Social Research.

PROJECT DIRECTOR: Professor Leo Kuper.

RESEARCH WORKER: Professor Leo Kuper.

DATE COMMENCED: About 1957.

DATE COMPLETED: 1965.

This project, together with the one described in [b] 4., was planned as part of the Regional Survey of the Umgeni, Umbilo, and Umlazi Rivers' catchment area. It was designed to provide sociological knowledge of the African population in the area. It was part of a wider project directed by Professor Kuper, which included a study of African Sports and Political Organisations - a report on the latter was prepared in 1963 by Mr. B. Magubane: "Sport and Politics in an Urban African Community - a case study of African Voluntary Organisations".

Professor Kuper has completed this study, and wrote the report up at the University of California, Los Angeles, where he is now a member of the Faculty of Social Science. A book on his study, entitled "An African Bourgeoisie: Race, Class and Politics in South Africa" has been produced by Yale University Press this year. Professor Kuper has submitted a copy of his book to the Institute library. Thus, this particular project is now complete.

9. A BRIEF ANALYSIS OF SOME OF THE CHARACTERISTICS OF STUDENT INTAKE AT THE UNIVERSITY OF NATAL, TOGETHER WITH PROJECTIONS FOR THE FUTURE:

SPONSOR: Institute for Social Research, at the request of the University Authorities.

PROJECT DIRECTOR: Professor H. L. Watts.

PROJECT WORKER: Professor H. L. Watts.

DATE COMMENCED: May, 1965.

A brief analysis of certain aspects of student intake at the University of Natal has been made. The aspects selected were those which it was considered would probably be related to the variation in intake of students. Following this analysis, projections for the next decade were prepared, showing the possible future intake of White students at the Durban, and also the Pietermaritzburg, centres of the University.

A draft report has already been prepared, and it is hoped that the final report will be available within a short while.

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10. A SOCIOLOGICAL ANALYSIS OF THE WHITE POPULATION OF EAST LONDON, WITH PARTICULAR REFERENCE TO PATTERNS OF ADULT MIGRATION:

SPONSOR: Institute for Social and Economic Research, Rhodes University, with a financial grant from the South African National Council for Social Research.

PROJECT DIRECTOR: Professor H. L. Watts.

RESEARCH WORKERS: Mr. J.A.I. Agar Hamilton (at Rhodes University), and Professor H. L. Watts, assisted by Miss R. J. Bithrey.

DATE COMMENCED: January, 1964.

This project concerns a sociological analysis of the White population of East London. The research is a follow-up to the well-known Border Regional Survey conducted by Rhodes University, and was commenced while Professor Watts was still on the staff of that University. On moving to the University of Natal, he was kindly given permission by the Chairman of the Committee of Control for the Institute for Social Research, Professor H. Pollak, to continue with this research. Miss Bithrey, one of the Research Assistants for the project, came up to Durban from Rhodes University to continue with the research. Mr. J.A.I. Agar Hamilton, Director of the Institute for Social and Economic Research, at Rhodes University, is preparing the historical description of East London, while Professor Watts is concerned with the present-day White population.

Fieldwork was completed last year, and data processing was commenced. This has now been completed in Durban, and about half a million items have been coded and

punched on to cards. With the willing and friendly assistance of the Officer-in-Charge of the Computer Centre at the University, Mr. G. Webb, over 570 statistical tables (all cross tabulations), have been prepared by the I.B.M. 1620 Electronic Computer belonging to the University. Mr. Webb prepared a master programme for cross tabulation, while Miss M. Young of the Institute assisted in preparing a detailed programme for individual cross tabulations. The tables which have been produced cover a sample of over 670 White adults selected by means of a multi-stage cluster sample from East London, together with about the same number of White households from the city. Smaller samples, covering community leaders and school leavers in East London, were also tabulated.

Analysis of the tabulated data is in progress, and is expected to take at least 6 months. Miss Bithrey, who has assisted with the survey right from its beginning in 1964, has moved to Bloemfontein to assist in her father's business, but she hopes to continue to help with some of the data analysis.

When completed, the project will link in with a similar study which Professor Watts completed last year on the White population of King William's Town. Taken together, these two studies will cover the urban White population of the Border region of the Cape Province. It is considered that at least another 2 years will elapse before the complete report is available.

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[d] Social Geography:

11. THE URBAN GEOGRAPHY OF SOUTH AFRICA:

SPONSOR: Institute for Social Research, with a financial grant from the South African National Council for Social Research.

PROJECT DIRECTOR: Dr. R. J. Davies.

RESEARCH WORKER: Dr. R. J. Davies, with an assistant (to be appointed).

DATE COMMENCED: Work on this topic has been in progress for 7 - 8 years, but the present stage of work was started in 1965.

This study aims at making a detailed analysis of the urban geography of South Africa, and is the final stage of a project on which Dr. Davies has been working for some seven or eight years. The project is investigating aspects related to the development, definition, classification, distribution, and urban spheres of influence, of urban areas in the Republic of South Africa as a whole. A detailed ecological analysis is being made of a sample of towns. Census data, maps, records from the Surveyor Generals' Offices, and records from individual towns, are being analysed. All the data, with the exception of some census material, were collected previously, so that only analysis is involved at this stage.

This project represents a new financial grant from the National Council for Social Research in 1965. At the time of writing, a research assistant had still to be appointed. It is anticipated that it will take about two years to produce the final report.

[e] Bantu Law:12. A STUDY OF THE TRADITIONAL LAW OF THE BANTU PEOPLES  
INHABITING THE PROVINCE OF SUL de SAVE IN MOCAMBIQUE:

SPONSOR: The Institute for Social Research, with a financial grant from the Institute for the Study of Man in Africa, and the Estudos Gerais Universitarios de Mocambique.

PROJECT DIRECTOR: Mr. J.L. Torres.

RESEARCH WORKER: Mr. J.L. Torres.

DATE COMMENCED: July, 1965.

This study commenced during 1965. Preliminary fieldwork was undertaken by Mr. Torres in Mocambique during the winter (July) vacation. The study concerns an investigation into the laws and customs of the Bantu in one of the provinces in Mocambique. Data are being collected by direct observer-participation, interviews, and participation in law cases held by Chiefs and their deputies.

It had originally been hoped to make the study an investigation into the race relations and community organisation of the agricultural settlement schemes in Mocambique. However, as the University in Portuguese East Africa is particularly interested in comparative Bantu Law, it was decided to concentrate mainly on this aspect of African life in the territory. Nevertheless, it may prove possible during fieldwork to gather information relating to race relations and community organisation as well as Bantu Law.

As fieldwork can only be conducted during the summer and winter vacations of the University of Natal,



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when it is possible for Mr. Torres to work in Mocambique, it is anticipated that the project will take some 5 years to complete.

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[f] Multi-disciplinary Research: (Psycho-Sociological)13. THE ATTITUDES OF WHITE EMPLOYERS TO  
THE INDIAN INDUSTRIAL WORKER:

SPONSOR: The Institute for Social Research, with a financial grant from the National Council for Social Research.

PROJECT DIRECTORS: Mr. L. Schlemmer, and  
Professor H.L. Watts.

RESEARCH WORKER: Mr. L. Douwes Dekker.

DATE COMMENCED: January, 1964.

The main object of this study is to reveal the attitudes of White employers in industry to the Indian as an Industrial Worker in Durban. Attitude questionnaires and interviews have been administered to a cohort of employers in order to obtain standardised material. The fieldwork interviews with the sample of industrial firms was completed early in 1965.

Full co-operation was obtained for conducting interviews with each firm. A questionnaire, gathering factual background data, was sent to the individual firms. However, complete response was not obtained. It would also appear that in many firms statistical data are not available - their records have either been lost, or were never kept at all. Where possible, the factual information gathered by the questionnaires have been supplemented by data obtained from the Chamber of Industries.

It became apparent during the course of the interviews that the dimension of worker-management relations

required fuller investigation. As a result, 10 additional firms were purposefully selected, and the interview situation was used to probe this aspect of industrial relations. It also proved necessary to approach the respective trade unions in order to obtain a more complete picture of the existing situation.

Analysis of the data is proceeding, but work was unfortunately retarded by the loss of some files when one of the offices used was burgled at the end of last year. This has meant that some of the earlier steps in the project have had to be retraced in order to replace the lost data. As the research grant expired at the end of March of this year, the work can no longer be undertaken on a full-time basis. Nevertheless, it is being pushed ahead as fast as part-time work allows. It is hoped to submit the report before the end of the Treasury's current financial year - i.e. before the end of March, 1966.

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[f] Multi-disciplinary Research:  
(Psycho-Sociological-Medical).

14. AN EPIDEMIOLOGICAL STUDY OF ENURESIS:

SPONSOR: Institute for Social Research, with finance supplied by the Institute.

PROJECT DIRECTOR: Dr. Zelda Jacobsen.

RESEARCH WORKER: Dr. Zelda Jacobsen.

DATE COMMENCED: March, 1961.

Dr. Jacobsen's comparative study of the differential incidence of enuresis amongst a sample of families selected from both rural and urban Africans, urban Indians, urban Coloureds, and working class urban Whites, has been completed. The report describes the socio-psychological environment in which enuresis occurs; and supplies certain projective information (in the form of drawings of trees), as well as medical data, for the subjects. The report is in the process of being typed, thereafter publication will be considered.

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II. APPLIED RESEARCH PROJECTS IN PROGRESS  
OR COMPLETED DURING 1965:

1. A STUDY OF THE PUBLIC IMAGE OF A  
LARGE SOUTH AFRICAN INDUSTRY:

SPONSOR: A large South African Industry.

PROJECT DIRECTOR: Mr. L. Schlemmer.

RESEARCH WORKERS: Mr. L. Schlemmer, assisted by International Consumer Research, Johannesburg; together with the staff of the Institute for Social Research.

DATE COMMENCED: April, 1964.

This project has been a large-scale study, covering a national cross-section of White adults. It has concerned the public image of a large South African industry, and work was commenced during 1964. The fieldwork was undertaken by International Consumer Research, of Johannesburg, under the supervision and planning of Mr. L. Schlemmer. This organisation also undertook the tabulation of the data, but statistical calculations and analysis were undertaken at the Institute for Social Research. To date, two reports and an executive summary have been written by Mr. Schlemmer and submitted to the sponsors. A final third report is in the process of preparation, and should be submitted to the sponsors by the end of 1965, or early in 1966. This particular project has been one of the largest undertaken by the Institute, and its virtual completion in less than two years is an achievement worth noting.

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2. A STUDY OF THE SOCIAL CIRCUMSTANCES AND CHARACTERISTICS OF BANTU IN THE DURBAN REGION:

SPONSOR: The Durban Non-European Children's Fund.

PROJECT DIRECTORS: Mr. L. Schlemmer, Dr. R.J. Davies,  
and Professor H.L. Watts

RESEARCH WORKERS: Mrs. A. McGhee and  
Miss M.A. Young (now Mrs. Sugden).

DATE COMMENCED: February, 1964.

The aim of the survey is to investigate the social circumstances and characteristics of the Bantu population in the Durban region. The welfare problems and needs of the population involved - particularly of the children - are being investigated. The report is intended as a fact-finding sociological survey, which will provide a factual basis for future planning by the Durban Non-European Children's Fund.

A first report on the findings of the study was completed in July of this year, and has been submitted to the sponsor. This report by Margaret Young (now Mrs. Sugden), discusses the characteristics, and probable future growth, of the Bantu population in the Durban region. It deals with the demographic and social characteristics of the population, and includes up-to-date vital statistics. In addition, population forecasts for the region are prepared.

A second report, which deals in detail with the social circumstances and major welfare needs of the population, indicating the nature and scope of the

problems involved, is in the process of preparation. It had been planned to have this report completed already, but the unfortunate illness of Mrs. McGhee has delayed matters. It is hoped to complete the project by the end of 1965, or early in 1966.

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3. A STUDY OF THE ATTITUDES AND MOTIVATION OF  
URBAN BANTU TOWARDS BLOOD DONATION:

SPONSOR: Natal Blood Transfusion Service.

PROJECT DIRECTOR: Professor H.L. Watts.

RESEARCH WORKERS: Mr. C.D. Shearing, assisted by  
African fieldworkers.

DATE COMMENCED: February, 1965.

The study is investigating the attitudes and motivation of Bantu in the Durban region towards blood donation. A representative sample of Bantu blood donors, and also of adults from the general population of Bantu in the city, is being investigated.

Following a pilot survey into the problem, a brief report on the results of the initial investigations, together with recommendations, and suggestions for further research, were prepared by H.L. Watts and C.D. Shearing, and submitted to the sponsor. After discussions with the sponsor, it was decided to launch a full-scale psycho-sociological-anthropological study of the problems of blood donation by the Bantu. Full-scale work commenced in April 1965.

At the time of writing, the fieldwork for the project is in the final stages of completion. Group discussions, and a detailed interview schedule, (incorporating both structured questions; open-ended questions; and projective techniques of the story type, and also the picture type); have been used to elicit attitudes towards, and concepts about, blood and blood donation. In addition, some interviews with Zulu izinyanga (herbalists) were recorded, and information



relating to concepts and practices dealing with blood was obtained. Information is also being obtained about the types of advertisements used by pharmacists in Durban to sell remedies to the Bantu for the purpose of "purifying" or "improving" blood. This latter information will help to build up a picture of the concepts of blood held by the Bantu in the city.

The planning of the coding and tabulation of the collected data is in progress, and it is hoped to commence actual processing of the data within a matter of weeks. The report on the analysis should be available during the first quarter of next year.

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OCCASIONAL SPONSORED RESEARCH WORK UNDERTAKEN  
BY THE INSTITUTE DURING 1965:

AN ANALYSIS OF NON-EUROPEAN LABOUR SURVEY DATA  
COLLECTED BY A LARGE SOUTH AFRICAN GROUP OF FIRMS:

SPONSOR: A large South African industrial combine.

PROJECT DIRECTOR: Professor H.L. Watts.

RESEARCH WORKERS: Mr. L. Schlemmer, Mr. L. Douwes Dekker,  
Mr. C.D. Shearing, Professor H.L. Watts.

DATE COMMENCED: January, 1965.

DATE COMPLETED: May, 1965.

At the request of a large South African industrial combine, data which had been collected by this organisation, in connection with the Non-European labour force employed by the various constituent firms, were analysed by the Institute. A memorandum setting out the main points of the analysis, and making certain recommendations, was submitted to the organisation concerned.

It is possible that in the future further work may be undertaken by the Institute in connection with this particular sponsor.

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2. FIELDWORK UNDERTAKEN FOR A JOHANNESBURG  
ADVERTISING AGENCY:

SPONSOR: A Johannesburg Advertising Agency.

PROJECT DIRECTOR: Mr. L. Schlemmer.

RESEARCH WORKERS: Mr. L. Schlemmer, assisted by  
Mrs. U. Bulteel and by part-time  
interviewers trained by the  
Institute for Social Research.

DATE COMMENCED: July, 1965.

DATE COMPLETED: August, 1965.

The Institute was approached by an Advertising Agency in Johannesburg with the request to assist with fieldwork in Durban in connection with a nationwide study being undertaken by this organisation. The Agency supplied the questionnaires, quota controls, and advertising stimuli, which were to be used during the fieldwork. Mr. Schlemmer prepared additional quota controls to make the sample more representative, and a total of 280 adult White subjects were obtained from Durban by means of a quota sample. The fieldwork was carried out on a part-time basis by carefully selected interviewers, who were given special briefing and training before undertaking the interviewing. The whole fieldwork was supervised and checked by Mr. Schlemmer, assisted by Mrs. Bulteel.

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NEW APPOINTMENTS AND STAFF CHANGES:

New Appointments:

We welcome the following new members of staff to the Institute during 1965:

Miss R.J. Bithrey (who came from Rhodes University as Research Assistant for the Sociological Study of the White Population of East London, being undertaken by Professor Watts). January, 1965.

Mrs. U. Bulteel (who has assisted as a part-time Scientific Assistant). March, 1965.

Miss L. Geils (appointed as a Research Assistant to the study of Occupational Prestige). April, 1965.

Miss A. Perry (appointed as a Research Fellow to the study of Values of Bantu School Girls). February, 1965.

Mrs. Denise Pratt (who has assisted as a part-time typist and filing clerk). March, 1965.

Mr. C.D. Shearing (appointed as a Research Assistant to the study of Attitudes and Motivation of Urban Bantu towards Blood Donation). February, 1965.

Miss L. Weber (appointed as a Research Assistant to the study of Occupational Prestige). April, 1965.

Staff Changes:

Miss R.J. Bithrey completed her contract as Research Assistant to Professor Watts, and left for Bloemfontein in August, 1965. We were sorry to see her go, and wish her well.

Mrs. A. McGhee: Her appointment as a Research Worker expired at the end of February, 1965. She is still in Durban working on her final report, but has un-

fortunately been handicapped by illness. We wish her a speedy recovery.

Mrs. E. Preston-Whyte: Her appointment as Research Fellow expired at the end of June, 1965. She is at present a demonstrator in the Department of African Studies, and is still working on her report. Consequently, she is still an active member of the Institute.

Mrs. M. Sugden (nee Young): Her appointment as a Research Worker expired in February, 1965. She has joined the Geography Department as a Junior Lecturer, and so has remained very much part of the Institute.

ACTIVITIES OF STAFF OF THE  
INSTITUTE FOR SOCIAL RESEARCH:

1st October, 1964 - 30th September, 1965.

The activities of the staff are grouped under the following headings:

- (i) Meetings and Conferences attended officially;
- (ii) Official discussions - these concern general research matters, and so exclude discussions with sponsors;
- iii) Addresses and Public Lectures delivered, and Symposia in which the person took part;
- (iv) Research Papers and Reports, and Research Memoranda prepared during the year.

The staff are listed alphabetically.

1. DOUWES DEKKER, L.:

- (iii) Addresses and Public Lectures delivered, and Symposia in which the person took part:
  - a] Invited to attend all meetings of the Natal Area Division of the Trade Union Council of South Africa. (15th July; 6th August; 24th August; 23rd September).
  - b] "The Images of Trade Union Leaders": Address to the 35th Quarterly General Meeting of the Natal Area Division of the Trade Union Council of South Africa, 15th July, 1965.
  - c] Symposium on "Social Implications of Economic Expansion"; Annual Conference of the South African Institute of Race Relations: Durban, January, 1965.

2. PAGE, W.H.:

(iv) Research Papers and Reports, and Research Memoranda prepared during the year:

- a] "The African's Concept of Geometrical Space; a Rural-Urban Comparison". Durban, 1965.

3. McGHEE, A.C.:

(iii) Addresses and Public Lectures delivered, and Symposia in which the person took part:

- a] Address on the topic "Can Social Research throw light on problems in the Nursing Profession?" delivered to the Natal Inland Branch of the South African Nursing Association, Pietermaritzburg, 13th April, 1965.

4. SCHLEMMER, L.:

(i) Meetings and Conferences attended officially:

- a] Meeting of the South African Market Research Association, Johannesburg, March 6th, 1965.
- b] Four Meetings of the Durban Regional Committee of the South African Institute of Race Relations (7th December, 1964; 1st February, 1965; 5th April, 1965; 7th June, 1965).
- c] One meeting of a Special Committee composed of members of the South African Institute of Race Relations Regional Committee, to discuss the possibility of arranging seminars for Non-Whites on the topic of local government. May, 1965.

(ii) Official Discussions - these concern general research matters, and so exclude discussions with sponsors:

- a] Mr. D. Cowen, Chief Research Officer; Market Research Africa (Pty) Ltd., Johannesburg, 19th August, 1965.

- b] Mrs. D. Pienaar, Fieldwork Supervisor, Market Research Africa (Pty) Ltd., Johannesburg, 18th August, 1965.
- c] Mr. Johan Scheepers, Head of the Psychometrics Division of the National Institute for Personnel Research, Johannesburg, March, 1965.
- i) Addresses and Public Lectures delivered, and Symposia in which the person took part:
- a] Address on the topic "Can Social Research throw light on problems in the Nursing Profession?" delivered to the Natal Inland Branch of the South African Nursing Association; Pietermaritzburg, 13th April, 1965.
- b] Address on "Ideologies in South Africa, Myths or Motives"; delivered during a seminar arranged by the National Union of South African Students (local branch), at Natal University; Durban, May, 1965.
- c] Symposium on "Social Implications of Economic Expansion"; Annual Conference of the South African Institute of Race Relations: Durban, January, 1965.
- d] Address delivered to the Association "Suicides S.O.S." on "Some Practical and Theoretical Considerations in the running of an Emergency Service for Suicides". Durban, 5th August, 1965.

Research Papers and Reports, and Research Memoranda prepared during the year:

- a] SCHLEMMER, L. (1965): The Public Image of ..... (a large South African Industry). Confidential Report. Institute for Social Research, Durban, July, 1965. (Mimeographed).
- b] SCHLEMMER, L. (1965): The Public Image of ..... : Executive Summary (a large South African Industry). Confidential Report. Institute for Social Research, Durban, July 1965. (Mimeographed).



- c] SCHLEMMER, LAWRENCE & LOET DOUWES DEKKER, (1965): Is All Well Within the Ivory Tower? Institute for Social Research Newsletter No. 1. Durban, July 1965. (Mimeographed). Not for publication.
- d] SCHLEMMER, L. (1965): Memorandum to the Commission of Enquiry into Nursing Services in the Republic, discussing the needs for research into personnel problems within the profession.
- e] SCHLEMMER, L. (Dec. 1964): Memorandum to the Administrator of Natal on the need for social research into problems facing the nursing profession in Natal.
- f] SCHLEMMER, L. (1965): Memorandum: Theoretical framework for a study of Occupational Prestige in South Africa. Submitted as an interim report to the National Council for Social Research.

5. SHEARING, C.D.:

- (i) Meetings and Conferences attended officially:
  - a] Passing-out Parade of Bantu Nurse-Aids, Zulu Training College, Adams Mission. 4th June, 1965 (with Professor H.L. Watts).
- (iii) Addresses and Public Lectures delivered, and Symposia in which the person took part:
  - a] Talk on the purpose and general outline of a study of attitudes and motivations of Bantu towards blood donation, to the deacons of the Bantu Baptist Church, Umgeni Road, Durban, June 1965.
- (iv) Research Papers and Reports, and Research Memoranda prepared during the year:
  - a] WATTS, H.L., & C.D. SHEARING, (1965): A Study of Bantu Blood Donors: A Brief Report on the Pilot Study, with Recommendations and Suggestions for further research: Institute for Social Research, Durban. (Mimeographed).

TS, H.L.:Meetings and Conferences attended officially:

- a] Council Meeting of the South African Institute of Race Relations, Durban, January 18th - 21st, 1965.
- b] Blood Transfusion Congress, organised by the Natal Blood Transfusion Service, Durban, 30th April - 1st May, 1965.
- c] Council Meeting, and Annual General Meeting of Members, of the Africa Institute, Pretoria, 23rd June, 1965. (Represented University of Natal).
- d] Passing-out parade of Bantu Nurse-Aids, Zulu Training College, Adams Mission, 4th June, 1965. (With Mr. C.D. Shearing).
- e] Meetings of the Council for Scientific and Industrial Research Information Centre, University of Natal, Durban. (Invited to attend as an Observer with regard to a survey planned by the Centre).

Official Discussions - these concern general Research matters, and so exclude discussions with sponsors:

- a] Medical Director, Valley Trust, Botha's Hill, 8th June, 1965 (with Dr. R. J. Davies).
- b] Dr. J.F. Potgieter, Division of Field Studies, National Nutrition Research Institute, Pretoria, 23rd June, 1965.
- c] Messrs. T. Scott and D. Fairbairn, Architectural Division, National Building Research Institute, Pretoria; 23rd June, 1965.
- i] Miss Henshall, National Council for Social Research, Pretoria, 24th June, 1965.
- e] Deputy Director and various Research Officers at the National Institute for Personnel Research, Johannesburg; 24-25th June, 1965.
- o] Market Research Officer, S.A. Philips, Johannesburg, 24th June, 1965.

(iii) Addresses and Public Lectures delivered, and Symposia in which the person took part:

- a] Symposium on "Social Implications of Economic Expansion"; Annual Conference of the South African Institute of Race Relations, Durban, January, 1965.
- b] Address on "Careers in Social Science", as part of "Careers Week" organised by Rotary, April 12th, 1965. Technical College, Durban.
- c] College Lecture on "Social Research: Some opportunities and problems". University of Natal, Durban, 17th June, 1965.
- d] Lecture on "Automation, and some of its Implications for White and Non-White workers in the Republic". Durban branch of the South African Institute of Race Relations, Durban, 24th August, 1965.

(iv) Research Papers and Reports, and Research Memoranda prepared during the year:

- a] WATTS, H.L., & C.D. SHEARING, (1965): A Study of Bantu Blood Donors : A Brief Report on the Pilot Study, with Recommendations and Suggestions for further Research: Institute for Social Research, Durban. (Mimeographed).
- b] WATTS, H.L. (1965): "A Pilot Study of the Problems of Blood Donation by the Bantu": Proceedings of the Second Blood Transfusion Congress, Durban, April 30th and May 1st, 1965: pp. 16 - 19. Natal Blood Transfusion Service, Durban. (Mimeographed).
- c] WATTS, H.L. (1965): Two Memoranda analysing the results of a Non-European Labour Survey undertaken by a large South African Industrial Combine. (Confidential memoranda to the sponsors).
- d] WATTS, H.L. (1965): A Brief Analysis of Student Intake at the University of Natal, with Estimates of Future Student Enrolment. Report to Principal of the University of Natal. Institute for Social Research, Durban.

YOUNG, MARGARET A.:

- (iv) Research Papers and Reports, and Research Memoranda prepared during the year:
- a] YOUNG, MARGARET A. (1965): A Study of the Social Circumstances and Characteristics of Bantu in the Durban Region: Report No. 1. Institute for Social Research, Durban. (Mimeographed).



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