Notes on Contributors

Martha Chen, Lecturer in Public Policy, is Coordinator of the global research policy network Women in Informal Employment: Globalizing and Organizing (WIEGO). An experienced development practitioner and scholar, her areas of specialisation are gender and poverty alleviation with a focus on issues of employment and livelihoods. Before joining Harvard University in 1987, she lived for 15 years in Bangladesh where she worked with BRAC, one of the world's largest NGOs, and in India where she served as field representative of Oxfam America for India and Bangladesh. She is the author of numerous books including, most recently, Progress of the World's Women 2005: Women, Work and Poverty (UNIFEM 2005); Women and Men in the Informal Economy: A Statistical Picture (ILO 2002); and Perpetual Mourning: Widowhood in Rural India (Oxford University Press 2000). Chen received a PhD in South Asia Regional Studies from the University of Pennsylvania.

Sarah Cook is a Research Fellow at the Institute of Development Studies. From 2000 to 2005, she was a Programme Officer for the Ford Foundation in Beijing. Her research focuses on the social impacts of economic reform in China, including labour markets and social welfare, gender and poverty. Current research focuses on China's informal employment and social protection reforms.

Agustín Escobar Latapí is Professor at the Centre for Research and Higher Studies in Social Anthropology (CIESAS) in Guadalajara Jaliso, Mexico. He holds a PhD in Sociology from the University of Manchester. He is a member of the National System of Researchers (SNI, level III). Winner of the National Award for Scientific Research, of the Mexican Academy of Sciences, in 1994, together with Mercedes González de la Rocha, he has been a Member of the Academy since 1991. His main interests include international migration and Mexican social policy. He has directed the external qualitative evaluation of the Progresa—Oportunidades programme, and his current interest in migration focuses on the migration of the poor, and the

impact of migration on poverty and inequality in Mexico. He has advised the Mexican Social Development Ministry on the design of qualitative evaluations in general. In February 2006, he was elected to the National Social Policy Evaluation Council.

Mercedes González de la Rocha is a Mexican Social Anthropologist who studied in Mexico and the UK (MA and PhD, University of Manchester). She combines research and teaching activities in her work at the Centre for Research and Higher Studies in Social Anthropology (CIESAS). She has been a visiting scholar and professor at various universities in the USA, England, Colombia and Nicaragua. She has also instructed undergraduates and graduate students. Her research interests, besides household economy and dynamics, include social policy programmes and their impact on family wellbeing. Since 1999, she has co-directed (with Agustín Escobar Latapí) the yearly qualitative evaluations of Oportunidades (the former Progresa), a human development programme implemented in Mexico to reduce the reproduction of poverty.

Ricardo Gottschalk is a Research Fellow at the Institute of Development Studies. He also holds a DPhil degree in Economics from the University of Sussex. His publications include 'The Macro Content of the PRSPs: Assessing the Need for a more Flexible Macroeconomic Policy Framework', in Development Policy Review 23.4; 'Development in International Financial Policies' (with S. Griffith-Jones and A. Rosser) in Policy Coherence for Development in a Global Economy, The Development Dimension Series, OECD (2005); and 'Should Capital Controls Have a Place in the Future International Monetary System?' (with J. Williamson, and S. Griffith-Jones), in M. Urzan (ed.) The Future of the International Monetary System (Edward Elgar 2005).

James Heintz is Associate Research Professor at the Political Economy Research Institute, University of Massachusetts, Amherst. His research focuses on

employment, labour markets, and macroeconomic policies.

Johannes Jütting is Senior Economist at the Organisation for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD) Development Centre and head of the Policy Coherence Unit. His current activities comprise the areas of employment, social protection, gender and institutions. He holds a PhD in Agricultural Economics from Humboldt-University in Berlin.

Naila Kabeer is a social economist specialising in gender, poverty, and social policy issues. Her main areas of research have been in South and South-east Asia. She has also been active in developing frameworks and methodologies for integrating gender concerns into policy and planning and has substantial experience of training and advisory work with governments, bilateral and multilateral agencies and NGOs. She managed the DFID-funded Social Policy Programme and the DFID-funded Mainstreaming Poverty and Gender in the Gambia Project, and is currently a convener on the Development Research Centre on Citizenship at IDS. She is also a member of the Global Advisory Team on the Ford Foundation's Global Impact Evaluation of Microfinance Programmes.

Radhika Lal is the Policy Adviser for Information Communications Technology (ICT) for poverty reduction and the Millenium Development Goals with the Poverty Group of the United Nations Development Programme (UNDP). She is an economist with over 20 years' experience in development research and policy work. She has specialised in political economy and development issues but concerns about the 'quality of work' that the poor are involved in and structural policies and options for reorganising such work with a view to enhancing productivity with empowerment have always been central for her, from an early project on options for reorganisation of work in open-air iron ore mines in India to the more recent decade-long engagement with the new information and communication technologies and exploration of their potential for enhancing pro-poor development choices and innovation which can help to define more viable growth and development paths in the South. The focus of her work in UNDP includes a focus on pro-poor ICT options and integrated development approaches incorporating the use of

technology to enhance development effectiveness and empowerment. Prior to working with UNDP, she undertook research, taught economics, and worked with a number of civil society organisations addressing technology as well as economic policy and capacity development for advocacy.

Francie Lund works part-time at the University of KwaZulu-Natal, where she specialises in social policy, and part-time for Women in Informal Employment: Globalizing and Organizing (WIEGO), directing this network's international Social Protection Programme. Trained as a sociologist and social worker, she practised as a grassroots organiser in the fields of early childhood development, and in urban infrastructure, with a special interest in participatory research methods as an organising tool. A longstanding research interest has been the impact of South Africa's pensions and grants in mitigating poverty and redressing inequality. This led to her involvement in a range of policy interventions, including chairing the Lund Committee of Child and Family Support, in 1995, that led to the introduction of the Child Support Grant. She is engaged locally and globally in research and policy advocacy around informal workers, especially regarding local government intervention, and around the provision of social security. An emerging research interest is in occupational health and safety for informal workers.

Terry McKinley is the Acting Director of the International Development Centre, Brasilia. He is a development economist with a PhD from the University of California. His specialisations include poverty reduction, growth, inequality, employment and human development. He was previously Senior Policy Advisor on Poverty Reduction, Bureau for Development Policy, United Nations Development Programme (UNDP), New York. His UNDP experience is extensive, for example writer for the global Human Development Report and several National Human Development Reports; principal author of UNDP's Global Poverty Report, Overcoming Human Poverty; organiser of, and contributor to, many studies on economic policies and poverty reduction. His publications include: Implementing a Human Development Strategy (with Keith Griffin, St Martin's Press 1994), The Distribution of Wealth in Rural China (M.E. Sharpe 1995) and Macroeconomic Policy, Growth and Poverty Reduction (Palgrave Macmillan 2001). His current research and policy interests are: promoting consistency between economic policies and poverty

reduction strategies; employment generation and poverty reduction; and the implications for economic policies of linking poverty reduction strategies to the Millennium Development Goals.

Carmelo Mesa-Lago is Distinguished Service Professor Emeritus of Economics, University of Pittsburgh, and visiting professor/researcher/lecturer in 39 countries. He is author of 78 books and 270 articles/chapters published in seven languages in 33 countries; his latest is Reassembling Social Security: A Survey of Pension and Healthcare Reforms in Latin America (Oxford 2008). He has worked as an adviser at many United Nations branches and international financial organisations throughout Latin America and other countries. A member of the US National Academy of Social Insurance and the International Board of the International Social Security Review, in 2007 he received the International Labour Organization International Research Prize on Decent Work for his substantial body of work on social protection.

Jante Parlevliet studied Political Science and Economics at the University of Amsterdam and worked as a consultant at the Organisation for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD) Development Centre in 2007.

Gerry Rodgers works at the International Labour Office (ILO) in Geneva, where he has been Director of the International Institute for Labour Studies and of several ILO departments and programmes. His work has included research and policy development on labour markets and labour institutions, especially in India and in Latin America; population and employment; poverty and social exclusion; the social dimension of globalisation and integrated approaches to the ILO's overall goal of decent work. He is presently working on a history of the ILO. His qualifications include a DPhil in Economic Development from the University of Sussex.

Victor Tokman is an economic adviser to the President of Chile, based in Santiago. He has a doctorate degree in economics from Oxford University, an MA in Development Studies from the University of Chile and a CPA degree from the

University of Rosario in Argentina. He has also received Doctorates Honoris Causa from the University of Rosario and the Pontificial Catholic University in Peru, as well as the Rector Medal from the University of Chile. Until June 2005, he served as the Assistant Director General of the International Labour Organisation (ILO) and the ILO's Regional Director for the Americas. He worked with the ILO for 28 years, previously as Director of the Employment Development Department in Geneva and the Director of PREALC in Santiago. He taught at the University of Chile and the Catholic University of Chile. He was a visiting lecturer at IDS and the Economic Growth Center of Yale University, among other universities.

John Toye is a senior research associate of Queen Elizabeth House, Oxford University. He is currently Managing Editor of Oxford Development Studies. He has been Professor of Development Policy and Planning at the University of Wales (1982–7) and Director of the Institute of Development Studies at the University of Sussex (1987–97), and was a Director of UNCTAD (1998–2000). He has authored seven books, his first being Public Expenditure and Development Policy in India (Cambridge University Press 1981), and the most recent one, The UN and Global Political Economy (Indiana University Press 2004), was written with Richard Toye.

Imraan Valodia is Senior Research Fellow in the School of Development Studies, University of KwaZulu-Natal. His research interests include employment in the informal economy, gender and economics and industrial development. He is a member of Women in Informal Employment: Globalizing and Organizing (WIEGO), the International Working Group on Gender and Macroeconomics, and has worked collaboratively with a number of government departments and research institutions in South Africa and internationally.

Theodora Xenogiani joined the Policy Coherence team at the Organisation for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD) Development Centre in 2005, to work mainly on migration, labour markets and gender. She holds a PhD in labour economics from the London School of Economics.